Cherry Hinton Primary School

Agape
Courage
Thankfulness

Facts I need to learn now

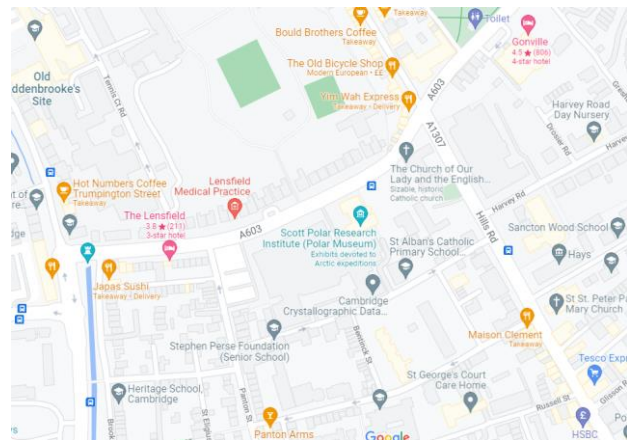|		
1	Early settlers	You can tell who first settled first by the ending of the place: Roman (-chester, -cester, -caster), Anglo-Saxon (-ham, -ton, -ford), Viking (-by, -thorpe, -toft). Place names in our locality reflect this too
2	Settlement locations	Settlers look for places with access to food, shelter and water. Places with electricity, farmland, defence, health care and transport links are more appealing to settlers. Essential, desired and unwanted facilities and features can be used to explain people's choices. Which of these did Cambridge have?
3	Establishment of Cambridge	Early Cambridge had access to water, flat land for growing food, a hill for protection, materials for shelter and fuel. The bridge made it an attractive place to live. Modern Cambridge has many facilities, businesses, attractions and the University to appeal to people.
4	Places that are important to us	Use an atlas (including the index) to locate the towns, cities and countries that our class has links to.
5	Maps	Land use can be identified on a map by the names of buildings. Houses are usually easy to spot on maps, as they are lined up in rows. A school name would suggest an area is residential. Industrial buildings are much larger than houses, and are usually grey or white.

What Did Early Settlers Need to Have?	What Would Early Settlers Have Liked to Have?	What Would Early Settlers Not Have Needed?
• shelter • water • food	• transport links • healthcare • electricity	• entertainment • friends • shops

How can we recognise land use?

Map
On a map, the names of buildings give us clues as to how the land might be used – names of shops, for example, would show retail areas.

Aerial map
Houses are usually easy to spot as they are in rows. A school usually suggests a residential area. Industrial buildings are larger than houses, and often grey or white in colour.

Vocabulary (Words I need to know)

settlement	A place where people live and establish a community.	business	Usually office spaces where people go to work.
agricultural	A farming area.	healthcare	Includes doctors, dentists, clinics and hospitals.
industrial	A business area that provides products or services.	rural	A less populated area in the countryside.
leisure	Time for entertainment, enjoyment and relaxing.	urban	A highly populated area with lots of buildings
retail	Shops selling products for people to buy.	community	A group of people living in the same place.

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